Paul E. Rice/Bar No. 062509

**RICE & BRONITSKY** 

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# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO/OAKLAND DIVISION

Case No.: C 07-02864 JSW

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT, RESCISSION, AND RESTITUTION

### **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

**COMES NOW** Plaintiff, and demanding trial by jury, alleges as follows:

### GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- Plaintiff, B&O Manufacturing, Inc. ("B&O"), is a California corporation, whose principal
- Defendant, Home Depot, U.S.A., Inc. ("HD"), is a Delaware corporation, whose principal

- The Court has jurisdiction of this Complaint, pursuant to 28 USC 1332, as the parties are citizens of different states and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.
- Further, pursuant to a contract entered into by B&O and HD on or about April 5, 2005, the parties agreed that any litigation arising out of said contract, which this lawsuit does, shall be brought only in the United Stated District Court for the Northern District of California. A true and correct

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copy of said contract, sans attachments, is attached hereto as Exhibit 1. Plaintiff has not attached said
attachments as, inter alia, they contain pricing information that B&O believes HD may consider to be
confidential.

### **VENUE**

Venue is proper in the Northern District of California under 28 USC 1391(a), in that a 5. substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in said District.

## FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (BREACH OF CONTRACT)

- Pursuant to Exhibit 1, Section 1.a., HD agreed to purchase from B&O, not later than May 15, 2005, 72,000 split curtain safety netting systems.
- HD has breached said contract by purchasing substantially less than 72,000 split curtain 7. safety netting systems by May 15, 2005, all to Plaintiff's damage, according to proof.
- Pursuant to Exhibit 1, Section 1.e., HD agreed to purchase all orange netting then owned by B&O at specified prices.
- HD has further breached said contract by failing to purchase all orange netting then owned by B&O at specified prices, all to Plaintiff's damage, according to proof.
- 10. Pursuant to Exhibit 1, Section 1.c., HD was obligated to advise B&O of the identity of suppliers of safety netting products similar to Plaintiff's safety netting products, located in the State of California, and of the location of the stores in which said similar products were located.
- 11. HD has further breached said contract by failing to so advise B&O, all to Plaintiff's damage, according to proof.
- 12. Plaintiff has at all times been in compliance with its obligations under said contract. 21
- 22 **WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff prays judgment as follows:

### SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (BREACH OF CONTRACT)

- 13. Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as though set forth in full, paragraphs 6 through 12 above.
- 14. For approximately the past thirteen years, Defendant has been, cumulatively, by far, 25 26 Plaintiff's biggest customer.
  - 15. On or about January 31, 2006, while B&O's president was at HD's facilities, HD required B&O, without allowing B&O the opportunity to consult with legal counsel, to immediately prepare

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and sign, on Plaintiff's letterhead, a letter agreement regarding a commitment to pay to HD sums no
actually owing to it, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 2, and which letter
agreement served to modify Exhibit 1.

- 16. HD promised that if B&O executed said document, B&O would continue to receive purchase orders for substantial quantities of product from Defendant, and that if it did not, B&O would no longer receive purchase orders for substantial quantities of product.
- 17. Exhibit 2, by virtue of a margin notation, indicates that Exhibit 2 was approved by HD's legal department.
- 18. On information and belief, HD's legal department participated in the process of coercing Plaintiff into executing said Exhibit 2, based upon the threat that if Plaintiff did not execute said document, Defendant would abruptly cease all future business dealing with Plaintiff.
- 19. Although B&O had no direct discussions with HD's legal department, on information and belief, the persons acting on behalf of HD concerning the execution of Exhibit 2 acted as agents of HD's legal department in communicating with B&O. HD and its legal department were well aware that B&O was represented by counsel with respect to the negotiation and execution of Exhibit 1 and all payments related thereto based, inter alia, on the participation by Plaintiff's counsel in drafting Exhibit 1, and further, by the fact that Plaintiff's counsel traveled to Defendant's headquarters in Atlanta, Georgia, for a meeting that ultimately resulted in the execution of Exhibit 1.
- 20. This indirect contact with B&O by HD's legal department under the facts and circumstances surrounding the execution of Exhibit 2 was a violation of well established rules of professional conduct prohibiting direct or indirect communication with a party known to be represented by another lawyer, absent the consent of the other lawyer. Such conduct is prohibited, for example, by California Rules of Professional Conduct, Rule 2-100; State Bar of Georgia Rules of Professional Conduct, Rule 4-2; and the American Bar Association Model Rules of Professional Conduct, Rule 4.2.
- 21. Despite its representation to Plaintiff that if it were to execute Exhibit 2, Defendant would continue to order substantial quantities of product from Plaintiff, which B&O justifiably relied upon,

amount to be determined according to proof.

Defendant has failed to provide substantial purchase orders to Plaintiff, all to Plaintiff's damage, in an

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